# Package 'fastdid'

July 22, 2025

```
Type Package
Title Fast Staggered Difference-in-Difference Estimators
Version 1.0.5
Date 2025-06-13
Maintainer Lin-Tung Tsai <tsaidondon@gmail.com>
Description A fast and flexible implementation of Call-
     away and Sant'Anna's (2021)<doi:10.1016/j.jeconom.2020.12.001> staggered Difference-in-
     Differences (DiD) estimators, 'fastdid' reduces the computation time from hours to sec-
     onds, and incorporates extensions such as time-varying covariates and multiple events.
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Depends R (>= 4.1.0)
Imports data.table (>= 1.15.0), stringr, BMisc, collapse, dreamerr (>=
     1.4.0), parglm, ggplot2
Suggests did, knitr, parallel, rmarkdown, tinytest
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
URL https://github.com/TsaiLintung/fastdid,
     https://tsailintung.github.io/fastdid/
BugReports https://github.com/TsaiLintung/fastdid/issues
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation no
Author Lin-Tung Tsai [aut, cre, cph],
     Maxwell Kellogg [ctb],
     Kuan-Ju Tseng [ctb]
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2025-06-23 17:40:02 UTC
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fastdid

Fast Staggered DID Estimation

# **Description**

Performs Difference-in-Differences (DID) estimation.

# Usage

```
fastdid(
  data,
  timevar,
  cohortvar,
  unitvar,
 outcomevar,
  control_option = "both",
  result_type = "group_time",
 balanced_event_time = NA,
  control_type = "ipw",
  allow_unbalance_panel = FALSE,
  boot = FALSE,
 biters = 1000,
  cband = FALSE,
  alpha = 0.05,
 weightvar = NA,
  clustervar = NA,
  covariatesvar = NA,
  varycovariatesvar = NA,
  copy = TRUE,
  validate = TRUE,
  anticipation = 0,
  anticipation 2 = 0,
  base_period = "universal",
  exper = NULL,
  full = FALSE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  cohortvar2 = NA,
 event_specific = TRUE,
  double_control_option = "both"
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

data data.table, the dataset.

timevar character, name of the time variable.

cohortvar character, name of the cohort (group) variable.

unitvar character, name of the unit (id) variable.

outcomevar character vector, name(s) of the outcome variable(s).

control\_option character, control units used for the DiD estimates, options are "both", "never",

or "notyet".

result\_type character, type of result to return, options are "group\_time", "time", "group",

"simple", "dynamic" (time since event), "group\_group\_time", or "dynamic\_stagger".

balanced\_event\_time

number, max event time to balance the cohort composition.

control\_type character, estimator for controlling for covariates, options are "ipw" (inverse

probability weighting), "reg" (outcome regression), or "dr" (doubly-robust).

allow\_unbalance\_panel

logical, allow unbalance panel as input or coerce dataset into one.

boot logical, whether to use bootstrap standard error. biters number, bootstrap iterations. Default is 1000.

cband logical, whether to use uniform confidence band or point-wise.

alpha number, the significance level. Default is 0.05.

weightvar character, name of the weight variable.
clustervar character, name of the cluster variable.

covariatesvar character vector, names of time-invariant covariate variables.

varycovariatesvar

character vector, names of time-varying covariate variables.

copy logical, whether to copy the dataset.

validate logical, whether to validate the dataset.

anticipation number, periods with anticipation.

anticipation2 number, periods with anticipation for the second event.

base\_period character, type of base period in pre-preiods, options are "universal", or "vary-

ing".

exper list, arguments for experimental features.

full logical, whether to return the full result (influence function, call, weighting

scheme, etc,.).

parallel logical, whether to use parallization on unix system. cohortvar2 character, name of the second cohort (group) variable.

event\_specific logical, whether to recover target treatment effect or use combined effect.

double\_control\_option

character, control units used for the double DiD, options are "both", "never", or

"notyet".

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#### **Details**

'balanced\_event\_time' is only meaningful when 'result\_type == "dynamic'.

'result\_type' as 'group-group-time' and 'dynamic staggered' is only meaningful when using double did.

'biter' and 'clustervar' is only used when 'boot == TRUE'.

#### Value

A data.table containing the estimated treatment effects and standard errors or a list of all results when 'full == TRUE'.

#### **Examples**

```
# simulated data
simdt <- sim_did(1e+02, 10, cov = "cont", second_cov = TRUE, second_outcome = TRUE, seed = 1)
dt <- simdt$dt

# basic call
result <- fastdid(
   data = dt, timevar = "time", cohortvar = "G",
   unitvar = "unit", outcomevar = "y",
   result_type = "group_time"
)</pre>
```

plot\_did\_dynamics

Plot event study

# **Description**

Plot event study results.

#### Usage

```
plot_did_dynamics(x, margin = "event_time")
```

#### **Arguments**

x A data table generated with [fastdid] with one-dimensional index.

margin character, the x-axis of the plot

#### Value

A ggplot2 object

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#### **Examples**

```
# simulated data
simdt <- sim_did(1e+02, 10, seed = 1)
dt <- simdt$dt

# estimation
result <- fastdid(
   data = dt, timevar = "time", cohortvar = "G",
   unitvar = "unit", outcomevar = "y",
   result_type = "dynamic"
)

# plot
plot_did_dynamics(result)</pre>
```

sim\_did

Simulate a Difference-in-Differences (DiD) dataset

# **Description**

Simulates a dataset for a Difference-in-Differences analysis with various customizable options.

# Usage

```
sim_did(
  sample_size,
  time_period,
 untreated_prop = 0.3,
  epsilon_size = 0.001,
  cov = "no",
 hetero = "all",
  second_outcome = FALSE,
  second_cov = FALSE,
  vary_cov = FALSE,
  na = "none",
 balanced = TRUE,
  seed = NA,
  stratify = FALSE,
  treatment_assign = "latent",
  second_cohort = FALSE,
 confound_ratio = 1,
  second_het = "all"
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

sample\_size The number of units in the dataset.

time\_period The number of time periods in the dataset.

untreated\_prop The proportion of untreated units.

epsilon\_size The standard deviation for the error term in potential outcomes.

cov The type of covariate to include ("no", "int", or "cont").

hetero The type of heterogeneity in treatment effects ("all" or "dynamic").

second\_outcome Whether to include a second outcome variable.

second\_cov Whether to include a second covariate.

vary\_cov include time-varying covariates

na Whether to generate missing data ("none", "y", "x", or "both").

balanced Whether to balance the dataset by random sampling.

seed Seed for random number generation.

stratify Whether to stratify the dataset based on a binary covariate.

treatment\_assign

The method for treatment assignment ("latent" or "uniform").

second\_cohort include confounding events
confound\_ratio extent of event confoundedness
second\_het heterogeneity of the second event

#### Value

A list containing the simulated dataset (dt) and the treatment effect values (att).

#### **Examples**

```
# Simulate a DiD dataset with default settings
data <- sim_did(sample_size = 100, time_period = 5)</pre>
```

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