Package 'ura'

July 22, 2025

```
Description Provides researchers with a simple set of diagnostic tools for monitor-
     ing the progress and reliability of raters conducting content cod-
     ing tasks. Goehring (2024) <a href="https://bengoehring.github.io/">https://bengoehring.github.io/</a>
     improving-content-analysis-tools-for-working-with-undergraduate-research-assistants.\\
     pdf> argues that supervisors---especially supervisors of small teams---should utilize computa-
     tional tools to monitor reliability in real time. As such, this package provides easy-to-use func-
     tions for calculating inter-rater reliability statistics and measuring the reliabil-
     ity of one coder compared to the rest of the team.
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
Depends R (>= 2.10)
Imports dplyr, irr, magrittr, rlang (>= 0.4.11), tibble, tidyr
Suggests roxygen2, stringr, testthat (>= 3.0.0)
Config/testthat/edition 3
URL https://github.com/bengoehring/ura
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NeedsCompilation no
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```

Type Package

Version 1.0.1

Title Monitoring Rater Reliability

2 diagnoses

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Description

Simulated data from three raters rating the anxiety of 20 individuals. The codings range from 1 (no anxiety) to 6 (extremely anxious). The data are forked directly from the irr package, with the only difference being the shape of the dataset.

Usage

anxiety

Format

'anxiety' A data frame with 60 rows and 3 columns:
subject_id The subject being screened for anxiety (numeric).
rater_id The rater evaluating the subject for anxiety (numeric).
anxiety_level The level of anxiety observed in the subject by the rater (numeric).

Source

https://cran.r-project.org/package=irr>

diagnoses

Psychiatric diagnoses of patients

Description

Data from Fleiss (1971) concerning the psychiatric conditions of thirty patients as evaluated by six raters. The data are forked directly from the irr package, with the only difference being the shape of the dataset.

Usage

diagnoses

int_return_dbl_coded 3

Format

```
## 'diagnoses' A data frame with 180 rows and 3 columns:
patient_id The patient being screened for a psychiatric condition (numeric).
rater_id The rater evaluating the patient for a psychiatric condition (numeric).
diagnosis The psychiatric diagnosis of the patient (factor).
```

Source

Fleiss, J.L. (1971). Measuring nominal scale agreement among many raters. Psychological Bulletin, 76, 378-382.

References

Fleiss, J.L. (1971). Measuring nominal scale agreement among many raters. Psychological Bulletin, 76, 378-382.

```
int_return_dbl_coded int_return_dbl_coded
```

Description

int_return_dbl_coded An internal function to return the subjects double-coded by the raters. It runs a number of checks along the way

Usage

```
int_return_dbl_coded(
   in_object_name,
   in_rater_column,
   in_subject_column,
   in_coding_column)
```

Arguments

in_object_name A dataframe or tibble containing raters' codings. Each row should contain the assigned coding from a given rater-subject.

in_rater_column

The name of the column containing the raters' names as a string.

 $\verb"in_subject_column"$

The name of the column containing the names of the subjects being coded as a string.

in_coding_column

The name of the column containing the codings assigned by the raters as a string.

irr_stats

Author(s)

Benjamin Goehring <bengoehr@umich.edu>

irr_stats irr_stats

Description

irr_stats calculates a variety of IRR statistics.

Usage

```
irr_stats(
  object_name,
  rater_column,
  subject_column,
  coding_column,
  round_digits = 2,
  stats_to_include = c("Percentage agreement", "Krippendorf's Alpha")
)
```

Arguments

object_name A dataframe or tibble containing raters' codings. Each row should contain the assigned coding from a given rater-subject.

rater_column The name of the column containing the raters' names as a string.

subject_column The name of the column containing the names of the subjects being coded as a string.

coding_column The name of the column containing the codings assigned by the raters as a string.

round_digits The number of decimals to round the IRR values by. The default is 2.

stats_to_include

The IRR statistics to include in the output. Currently only supports percent agreement and Krippendorf's Alpha. See the documentation of the irr package for more information about specific IRR statistics.

Value

A tibble containing the IRR statistic, the statistic's value, and the number of subjects used to calculate the statistic.

Author(s)

Benjamin Goehring <bengoehr@umich.edu>

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Examples

rater_agreement

rater_agreement

Description

rater_agreement calculates the percent agreement between each rater and the other raters who coded the same subjects.

Usage

```
rater_agreement(object_name, rater_column, subject_column, coding_column)
```

Arguments

object_name	A dataframe or tibble containing raters' codings. Each row should contain the assigned coding from a given rater-subject.
rater_column	The name of the column containing the raters' names as a string.
subject_column	The name of the column containing the names of the subjects being coded as a string.
coding_column	The name of the column containing the codings assigned by the raters as a string.

Value

A tibble where each row notes the percent agreement between rater i and all other raters who coded the same subjects (percent_agree). The n_multi_coded column notes how many subjects have been coded by rater i that have also been coded by other raters (i.e., the denominator for the percent_agree value).

Author(s)

Benjamin Goehring <bengoehr@umich.edu>

6 rater_agreement

Examples

```
# Example data: 3 raters assigning binary values to 10 subjects
example_data <- tibble::tribble(</pre>
  ~rater,~subject,~coding,
 1,1,1,
 1,2,0,
 1,3,1,
 1,4,0,
  2,3,1,
  2,9,0,
  2,10,1,
  2,4,1,
  2,5,1,
  2,6,1,
  3,5,1,
  3,6,1,
  3,7,1,
  3,8,1,
)
# Find percent agreement by rater
rater_agreement(example_data,
                rater_column = 'rater',
                subject_column = 'subject',
                coding_column = 'coding')
```

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